UTAH'S SENATOR, HIS ADVOCATES AND HIS OPPONENTS.

"That evening I saw Mr. Tillman and told him what had occurred."

told him what had occurred."

Caused Big Stir.

Senator Tillman's statement in the Senator Tillman's statement in the Senator Tillman's statement in the Senator Bill of the Senator Ball of the Senator Chandler. Mr. Chandler has been urged by some of his friends to make public a statement, over his own ignature, regarding the denial by Senator Lodge of the accuracy of the President's remarks in regard to Senators Spooner, Knox and Foraker. He declined, however, to be further brought into the controversy at this time, sastament per senator of the statement mide public by Mr. Tillman, It was with Mr. Chandler's consent that the portion of his written statement to Mr. Tillman, of his conferences with the President, was made public.

Attorney-General Moody.

Attorney-General Moody.

Senator Lodge called at the White House this eventual conference was referred to by Mr. Tillman, was in New York To-day. He is expected back in Washington to-morrow.

Senator Lodge called at the White House and Johned the President and Senator Lodge and Secretaries Root and Taft arrived at the White House and Johned the President and Senator Lodge. Caused Big Stir.

nter Lodge.

Senator Lodge and Secretaries Root and Taft remained with the President until late to night. At the conclusion of their visit, none of the parties present would discuss the visit, and all of them declined to answer any questions regarding the subject under discussion.

WHAT CHANDLER SAYS OF CHARGE

Places Word Against That of President-Will Issue Statement Later.

ment Later.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The New York World publishes the following statement made by former Senator Chandler to its Washington correspondent:

"I regret exceedingly that it has become necessary for me to place my word against that of the President of the United States, I realize what it means to me at this the close of my life to be branded by the President of the United States as a deliverate and unqualified faishier.

"I have prepared in writing a statement which I shall make public perhaps within the next forty-eight hours and ryrhaps not until later. But whenever the statement is issued I want it understood that I shall not rest under the imputation cast upon me by the President. My statement when issued will deal with these matters better than I can at this time.

"Just at present I do not want the opinion of the country diverted from the great question of railway-rate legislation. For the present, then, it is immaterial and a minor matter whether or not I am a falsifier. I have in my many years of public life said a great many strong things on a great many watters and put on record a great many strong things on a great many watters and put on record a great many strong things on a great many watters and put on record a great many strong things on a great many watters and put on record a great many strong things on these to be disproved.

"The President has, I believe, acted on impulse. He knows only the one statement read him by Senator Lodge. He knows nothing of what was said before or after it. He does not deny that the conversation which has been referred to was had with me. He only says that Senator Foraker's atme was not mentioned, and that the names of Senator Spooner and Knox were spoken, but only in high praise.

"Just now my greatest doubt is whether or not the President did not include other Senators in the same category. I went directly from Senator Chandler declined to

secuse the matter, saying he would take up in detail in his coming statement, le does not intend issuing the state-ent until after the Senate has disposed f the question of railway rates.

SHIP WENT ASHORE EARLY IN MORNING

Captain and Wife and Seven of Crew Succeed in Landing.

(By Associated Press.)
EDGARTON'N, MASS., May 13.—The
New York, harkentife Hattle G. Dixon,
bound from Baltimore to Boston with a cargo of 675 tons of coal, consigned to the Maryland Coal and Coke Company, the Maryland Coal and Coke Company, went ashore early this morning on a reef to the southward of Skiff's Iskind, and will probably be a total loss. Tonight the vessel was nard aground and full of water. Her captain, J. Shanks, and his wife, who was making the trip with him, together with the crew of seven men, mostly colored, succeeded in making a landing in Chappaquiddick Island in their own boats late this afternoon, They saved few of their personal effects.

MOTHER OF NINE ASKS AID OF PRESIDENT

ASKS AID OF PRESIDENT

(By Associated Press.)

DES MOINES, IOWA, May 13.—Because she was the mother of nine chidren and before the last one was born was deserted by her husband, Mrs. Caby McConnelly, No. 214 Southeast Sixth Etreet, says she has written to President Roosevelt, asking for aid.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, secretary of the Humane Society, was called to the McConnelly home. The mother with her nine children was without food or fuel, "She had a baby just a day old," said Mrs. Jones, "and the child was almost frozen. The society at once made arrangements to take care of the family. The cidest son is only fourteen years of age, and is hardly able to support such a big family. Mrs. McConnelly told me that she had read about President Roosevelt's liking for big families and that she had written to him for aid."



THE PRESIDENT AT NORFOLK

Possibility That Postmaster Fleet Will Be Retained at Ashland After All.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 13.—There is every reason to believe that the House will be given a chance to vote on the Jamestown appropriation bill, as an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill. Mr. Maynard will propose the amendment, and he believes that the chair will sustain it against any assault which may be made against it on a point of order. Under the rules governing the House, an amendment proposed to an House, an amendment proposed to an appropriation bill will be ruled out if

House, an amendment proposed to an appropriation bill will be ruled out if pay member makes the point of order that the amendment proposed is new legislation, and not germane to the bill, providing the chairman or speaker thinks the point well taken.

There has been a question as to whether such an amendment to the sundry civil bill, as will be proposed by Mr. Maynard, would be subject to such a point of order, Mr. Tawney, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations does not believe this objection would lie. The amendment proposed by Mr. Maynard would be for an object already provided for in existing legislation, that is, in the bill passed last year, appropriating \$250,000 for the exposition. The appropriation last year was for the entertainment of the visiting foreigners. It is pointed out, and will be pointed out when the amendment is proposed, that it is for the purpose of furthering an object already provided for, the entertainment of visitors. Sentiment is nearly unanimous that the chair will rule against a point of order ande against such an amendment and that the House will be allowed to vote providing the chairman or speaker thinks the point well taken.

There has been a question as to whether such an amendment to the sundry civil bill, as will be proposed by Mr. Maynard, would be subject to such a point of order, Mr. Tawney, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations does not believe this objection would lie. The amendment personal before an object already provided for in existing fersilation, that is, in the bill passed last year, appropriation is syear was for the entertainment of the visitors. Sentiment is proposed, that it is for the purpose of furthering an object already provided for, the entertainment of visitors. Sentiment is proposed, that it is for the purpose of furthering an object already provided for, the entertainment of visitors. Sentiment is nearly unanimous that the chair will rule against a point of order and that the House will be allowed to vote on the merits of the proposition.

This is all Mr. Maynard asks for. He is confident that a majority will vote to make the appropriation.

is confident that a majority will vote to make, the appropriation.

Ashland Case.

There is still a possibility of Postmas-tor Fleet being retained in his position of dispenser of mall for the Ashland people. It is believed that the President people. It is believed that the President would not make a great row if the Senate were to refuse to confirm the nomination of Mr. Fox, sent to the Senate several weeks ago. Capt. Lamb presented to the President to-day a petition from about 200 citizens of Ashland, including many Republicans, it was stated, asking that Postmaster Fleet be retained. The President assured Capt. Lamb he would be glad to appoint Mr. Fleet for another term, but that the petition came too late, as Mr. Fox had already been appointed. Capt. Lamb told the President that Mr. Fox had been a Democrat all the time and that the executive had dent that Mr. Fox had been a Democrat all the time and that the executive had probably been misled into appointing to office a man who was not a Republican. The President wanted to know whether Mr. Slemp had misled him, to which Capt, Lamb replied that he though the

ness can be complete without children; it

is her nature to love and want them

as much so as

it is to love the

beautiful and

referee for the district had done the mis ending.
President Roosevelt did not seem to be especially desirous of having the nomina-tion confirmed by the Sonate, and there is a possibility, at least, that it will be turned down.

President's Visit.

President's Visit,

It was stated at the White House that the President would leave here on the Dolphin or Mayfower on the evening of Thursday, May 29, for Norfolk, where he will address the Army apd Navy Union the following day. He will go at once to the navy-yard, it is expected, where the address will be delivered, that as soon as it is over will return to his vessel and start back to Washington. Congress will hardly have adjourned and he cannot be absent from Washington long at a time.

President Tucker, Lieutenant-Governor Ellyson and C. Brooks Johnston, officials of the Exposition Company, called on the President and asked him to visit Jamestown and the exposition grounds, but he said he would not have time for these sideltrips. It is proable that some sort of reception will be held to give the people opportunity to shake hands with the Chief Magistrate. The Army and Navy Union of this city will take down a large party from here.

Charge.

CHArge.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BALTIMORE, May 13.—For the second time within three days, Edward Davis, colored, of Richmond, was arraigned before Justice Graman at the Central Police Station to-day on suspicion of being a murderer. He was at first arrested on suspicion of being "Al" Carter, who is wanted here for the murder of Mr. Frederick A. Rinchart, the young civil engineer of Virginia, but was released. He is held for authorities at Roanoke, where he is said to be wanted for murder.

Reanoke, where he is said to be wanted for murder.

Davis aroused the suspicions of the rollee by ledtering around negro dives and making inquiry about Carter and the murder of Mr. Rinehart. His appearance tallies with the description of Carter, and he was placed under arrest. To Justice Granman the negro said he was a detective of the Baldwin Detective Agency, of Roanoke, and had been employed to look for Carter. His story was believed, and he was discharged from custody.

from custody. Late Saturday night Marshal Farnar received information purporting to com-from the Baldwin agency, saying that Davis was not employed by them, but oke, and that a reward of \$1,000 was of fered for his capture. Marshal Farna: has telegraphed to Roanoke for par

GENTILES CAUSE THE

BASIN, WYO., May 13.—A sensation has been created here by the arrest yesterday of Bishop J. Jolly, head of the Mormon settlements in Big Horn county. numbering five thousand members, or the charge of sustaining polygamous re-

the charge of sustaining polygamous re-lations with two wives.

The arrest of Bishop Jolly will be fol-lowed by the prosecution of nearly a some of other prominent members of the Mornon Church in this county on similar

charges, it is said.
The aleged discovery that the Mornous, who now almost control Big Horrectarty, the largest in the State, and has a new one, which they could control, aroused the Gentiles and influenced them to insufute criminal proceedings on char-

FATE OF SENATOR SMOOT TO BE DECIDED THIS WEEK

Apparently Certain That Senate Committee Will Report Against Utah Member --- Case Very Long Drawn Out.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 13.—Senator Reed Simoot's fate as a member of the Senate chamber is in the balance.

The fight wased against him by the National League of Women's Organizations is nearing its end. It is expected it will be finally disposed of by the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections on May, 18th, the data, set, for a vote by the committee.

It appears certain that an adverse report on the senator's right to retain his seat in Cougress will be made by a majority of the committee. Those who have concluded that Mr. Smoot's qualifications as a senator have not been impended to the senator in the senator in the senator is right to retain his seat in Cougress will be made by a majority of the committee. Those who have concluded that Mr. Smoot's qualifications as a senator have not been impended to the control of the committee.

have concluded that Mr. Smoot's quali-flections as a senator, have not been im-paired, by reason of his-being one of the twieve apostles of the Mormon Church in Utah will make a report asking that the case be dismissed. Both sides an-ticipated the completion of the case dur-ing the present session of Congress. Each is equally certain that the case will be determined to its satisfaction.

will be determined to its satisfaction.

The case has occupied first place on the calendar of the Schate Committee for nearly three and one-half years. Four bulky volumes of testimony have been taken. Before it is finally disposed of the case bids fair to be the cause of one of the most stubborn fights ever waged on the Schate floor.

The first will be on the causille as the

the real instigators of the investigation.

ATTACKED THE HEART

Awful Neuralgia Case Cured to Stay Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Nauralria in any form is painful, but when it attacks the heart it is frequently fatal. Complicated with indigestion of a form that affected the vital organ, it threatened serious consequences in an instance just reported. The case is that of Mr. F. L. Graves, of Pleasanthill, La., who tells of his trouble and cure as

"I traveled considerably, was expose

follows:

"I traveled considerably, was exposed to all kinds of weather and was irregular in my sleeping and eating. I suppose this was the cause of my slekness; at any rate, in May, 1905, I had got so bad that I was compelled to quit work and take to my bed. I had a good dector and took his medicino faithfully, but grow worse. I gave up hope of getting better, and my neighbors thought I was surely going to die.

"I had smothering spells that it is awful to recall. My heart fluttored and then seemed to cease heating. I could not lie on my left side at all. My hands and feet swelled and so did my face. After reading about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a newspaper I decided to try them, and they suited my case exactly. Before long I could see an improvement and after taking a few boxes I was entirely cured. I am glad to make this statement and wish it could cause every sufferer to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do not simply deaden pain; they cure the trouble which causes the pain. They are guaranteed to contain no narcotle, stimulant or opiate. Those who take them run no danger of forming any drug habit. They act directly on the blood, and it is only through the blood that any medicine can reach the nerves.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all drunists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Aledicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Pulajanes Led By Warrior Sixty-Four Years Old-Band Lives in Mountains.

Schools Hoover, of Samar, and several native officials of that Island, have arnative officials of that island, have arrived here on their way to Bagulo, Province of Benguit, the summer capital, to visit Governor-General Ide. Mr. Hoover says that 55 per cent, of the natives of Samar are anxious for the extermination of the fanatic and the establishment of absolute peace. The native officials, he says, are organizing bands of volunteers, who are scouring the mountains, guarding trails and capturing or killing outlaws. It is estimated that three hundred Pulalaws still remain in the mounder of the property of the says of fred Pulajanes still remain in the moun-tains.

Governor Curry, of Samar, has proposed to turn over the Pulajanes District to the Federal authorities, the establishment of martial law and the extermination of the funaties, and, General Wood agreeing, to place two regiments, assisted by naval gunboats, in the island and the adjacent waters in order to guard against the outlaws escaping to neighboring islands. Governor-General Ide has reached no decision in the matter. The Pulajane leader is sixty-four years old, and has been in the mountains for forty years.

SAPP IS DEPOSED.

Chairman Who Called President "Liar' is Removed:

"Liar" is Kemoved."

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

TOPEKA, Kan., May 13.—"Colonel" W. F. Sapp, for two years chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was deposed yesterday and W. H. Ryan elected to succeed him. The change was made at the request of W. A. Harris, candidate for Governor. One of the arguments against Mr. Sapp succeeding himself was his "break" at the Democratic State Convention recontly. In a Poech Sinto Convention recently. In a speech Sapp referred to President Roosevelt as a "liar."

The candidates and State committee considered this an unwarranted expres-sion of disrespect. Another thing against Sapp was his dress. His costume, morn-ing, noon and night, is a selk hat and

RECKLESS NEGROES DRIVE OVER CHILDREN

Two reckless young negroes in a buggy driving a horse in a race-horse fashion down Buchanan Street late yesterday afternoon were the cause of little eightyear-old Frank Westram, of 1017 Buchanan Street being run over and quite severely hurt. Th little fellow was attended by Dr. G. P. Turman, who responded with the ambulance.

The crime was a most dastardly one. It seems that little Westram was playing in the middle of the street with a number of other thry tots, both girls and boys, when the negroes approached. The driver took absolute no notice of the children but drove over them as ruthless, we at the they had been a but of cattle. children but drove over them as ruthlessly as if they had been a lot of cattle.
Indignation run strong against the perpetrators of the deed for a while, and summary vengeance would no doubt have been taken on the pair, had they been caught. But by dint of hard driving they were not apprehended, though they were pursued to some distance. After running over the boy, and narrowly missing a dozen other children, they did not deign to stop to inquire after the results of their driving.

LOVE-MAKING OF YOUNG KING LIKE THAT OF OTHER HUMANS

Ardor of Spanish Monarch Causes Much Amusement and Some Consternation in Royal Circles-Perfectiv Indifferent to Surroundings.

Indifferent to Surroundings.

LONDON, May 12.—The love-making of King Alfonso and the Princess Ema affords much amusement, not untinged with consideration, among the royal circle. Their ardor knows no bounds, and they are perfectly indifferent to their surroundings.

One day when Princess Ema was consided to her bed with a severe cold King Alfonso kicked up a terrific row hecause he was not permitted to sit by her bedside, and was only appeased by hoing allowed to sit for the greater part of the day outside her bedroom door tuking to her all the time.

The Princess has quite as serious a case of lovesickness. When Alfonso was coming off the yacht at Giralda to greet. Ema they both rushed at each other similatineously before the gangway was secured, and but for restraining hands they probably would have embraced in the sea.

Each night Alfonso had to literally be ordered home by the Princess Henry of Battenberg, and he was always around again next morning before the royal household was well astir.

The lovers were entirely unconscious of the nudging and snickering that went on among the royal suite at their frantic boy and girl love antics, and only

REPORT LOSSES

Grand Total of \$113,441,595 Indicated in Statement to New York Department.

LIST OF COMPANIES GIVEN

In Majority of Instances Impairment of Capital Will Be Made Good.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 13.—The State Insurance Department to-night made public the figures showing the losses in the recent California conflagrations of the fire and fire-marine insurance companies doing business in this State, and reporting to the department, as given in the reports of the companies called for in the department's circular of April 23d. They show estimated yet, leaves to Cases to Cases.

the departments circular of April 236.
They show estimated net losses to a
total of \$113,441,595, divided as follows:
New York State Joint stock fire and
fire-marine companies, \$18,944,000.
Joint stock fire and fire-marine
companies of the other States, \$44,827,499.
Mutual fire insurance companies of

827,499.

Mutual fire insurance companies of other States, no loss.

Foreign fire insurance companies, United States branches, \$49,670,096.

The report shows that in most cases any impairment of capital will be made good by the directors or stockholders.

State Companies.

The New York State companies report osses as follows; Agricultural, \$750,000. Assurance Company of America, \$250,-

Assurance Company of America, \$250,000.

British-American, \$75,000.

Buffalo-German, \$20,000.

Caledonian, \$20,000.

Colonial Assurance, \$15,000.

Commercial Union Fire, \$110,000.

Commonwealth, \$39,000.

Continental, \$1,000,000.

Emple City Fire, \$40,000.

German Alliance, \$25,000.

German Alliance, \$25,000.

German American, \$2,000,000.

German American, \$2,000,000.

German American, \$2,000,000.

German Effe, \$1,000,000.

Globe and Ruigers Fire, \$450,000.

Home, \$1,500,000.

Home, \$1,500,000.

Now York Fire, \$200,000.

Now York Fire, \$200,000.

North British and Morcantile, \$150,000.

North British and Morcantile, \$150,000.

North German Fire, \$100,000.

North German Fire, \$250,000.

Pellican Assurance, \$250,000.

Peter Cooper Fire, \$40,000.

North River, \$25,000.
Pacific Fire, \$30,000.
Pacific Fire, \$30,000.
Pellican Assurance, \$250,000.
Peleer Cooper Fire, \$40,000.
Phoenix, \$1,750,000.
Queen Insurance Company of America, \$1,500,000.
Rochester German, \$400,000.
Stuyvesant, \$70,000.
United States Fire, \$100,000.
Victoria Fire, \$50,000.
Westchester Fire, \$600,000.
Williamsburg City Fire, \$750,000.
Actna, Conn, \$2,700,000.
Alliance, Pa., \$200,000.
American, Massachusetts, \$400,000.
American, New Jersey, \$1,000,000.
American, New Jersey, \$1,000,000.
American Fire, Pennsylvania, \$500,000.
Athanta, Birmsinham Fire, Alabama, \$100,000.
Columnst, Illingis, \$600,000.

Calumet, Illinois, \$600,000. Camden Fire Association, New Jersey

00,000. Citizens', Missouri, \$150,000. Colonial Fire, District of Columbia Colonial 2100,000.
Columbia, New Jersey, \$7,221.
Conrdi Concordia Fire, Wisconsin

Columbia, New Jersey, \$7,231.
Conrdi Concordia Fire, Wisconsin, \$100,000.
Connecticut Fire, Connecticut, \$1,775,000.
Delawaro, Pennsylvania, \$402,000.
Esastern Fire, New Jersey, \$90,000.
Equitable Fire and Marine, Rhode Island, \$250,000.
The Association of Philadelphia, Penn.,

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Penn.

\$1,20,000.
Federal, New Jersey, \$600,000.
Friemen's Fund, California, \$2,500,000.
Franklin Fire, Pennsylvania, \$800,000.
German National, Illinois, \$150,000.
German, of Free Port, Ill., \$1,502,716.
German Fire, Illinois, \$100,000.
Girard Fire and Marine, Pennsylvania, \$50,000.

\$450,000. Hartford Fire, Connecticut, \$5,650,000.

Hartford Fire, Connecticut, \$3,00,000.
Home Fire and Marine, California, \$1,200,000.
Indianapolis Fire, Indiana, \$25,000.
Insurance Company of North America,
Pennsylvania, \$2,000,000.
Insurance Company of State of Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania, \$8,250.
Mercantile Fire and Marine, Massachustite \$10,000.

setts, \$310,000. Michigan Fire and Marine, Michigan Milwaukee, Mechanics, Wisconsin, \$170,000. Milwaukee, Mechanics, Wisconsin, \$1,-96,000. \$250,600.

296,000.
National Fire, Connecticut, \$1,740,591.
National Union ' Fire, Pennsylvania, \$1,000,000.
New Brunswick Fire, New Jersey, \$50,000.
Now Hampshire Fire, New Hampshire, \$900,000. \$600,000. Northwestern National, Wisconsin, \$49,766. Orient Connecticut, \$700,000. Pennsylvania Fire, Pennsylvania, \$2,250,000.

Phoenix, Connecticut, \$1,600,000, Providence, Washington, Rhode Island, \$600,000.

\$600,000. St. Paul Fire and Marine, Minnesota, \$1,000,000. Security. Connecticut, \$315,000.

Security Fire, Maryland, \$100,000,
Springfield Fire and Marine, Manuscitts, \$1,376,155.
Spring Garden, Pennsylvania, \$150,000.
Teutonia, Louisiana, \$150,000.
Traders, Illinois, \$3,748,000.
Union, Pennsylvania, \$150,000.
United Firemen's, Pennsylvania, \$200,000.
Virginia State, Virginia, \$3,500.
Foreign Companies.
Not estimated losses reported by United

Foreign Companies.

Net estimated losses reported by United States branches of fire insurance companies of other countries are shown as follows:

Anchen and Munich Fire, \$2,000,600.

Alliance Assurance, \$1,356,000.

British American Assurance, \$200,000.

Caledonian, \$1,393,482.

Cologne Reinsurance, \$375,000.

Cammercial Union Assurance, \$1,390,000.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire, \$1,100,000.

Insurance Company, Salamandra, \$300,-000.

Law Union and Crown, \$1,000,000. Liverpool and London and Globe, \$2,500,

Liverpool and London and Globe, \$2,500,000.
London Assurance Corporation, \$4,600,000, London and Lancashiro Fire, \$3,500,000.
Moscow Fire, \$250,000.
Munich Reinsurance, \$2,000,000.
North Brilish and Mercantile, \$3,000,000.
Northern Assurance, \$3,000,000.
Northwich Union Fire, \$1,200,000.
Palatin, \$1,000,000.
Phoenix Assurance, \$1,600,600.
Prinstian National, \$444,948.
Rosala, \$700,000.
Royal, \$3,825,000.
Royal, \$3,825,000.
Royal, \$2,820,000.

Royal, \$760,000.
Royal, \$3,825,000.
Royal Exchange Assurance, \$2,000,000.
Scottish Union and National, \$1,200,000.
Standia, \$625,000.
Sun Insurance Offic, \$2,000,000.
Sven Fire and Life, \$50,000.
Trans-Atlantic Fire, \$4,000,000.
Union Assurance Society, \$1,500,000.
Western Assurance, \$100,001.

SERVICES HELD IN

SAN FRANCISCO

Water Mains Broken By Earthquake-Policeman Shoots at Citizen.

(By Associated Press.).

SAN FANNCISCO, May 1.3.—Indoon church services were held to-day for the first time since the earthquake of April 18th. Unburned buildings that have been declared arte by inspectors, were thrown open for worship and many congregations, whose meeting houses, were burned, met

open for worship and many congregations, whose meeting houses were burned, met in new temporary buildings that have been erected since the fire.

Sight-seers were not so numerous today as on previous Sundays. The day was quiet except for a quarrel between a citizen and a policeman. The officer had obtained liquor somewhere and shot at the citizen during the quarrel. The policeman was arrested and deprived of his star.

policeman was arrested and deprived of his star.

Mayor Schmitz and several city officers to-day went with Engineer Schussler, of the Spring Valley Water Company, to inspect the water mains south of San Francisco. Engineer Schussler showed the city officers how the mains were broken by the earthquake, although efforts had been made to obviate such an accident, by supporting the pipes on flexible tubes.

The water supply is now sufficient for

The water supply is now sufficient for domestic and fire purposes in the unburned portion of San Francisco.

MRS. LITTLETON

GARDEN CITY, L. I., May 13,-Mrs Martin W. Littleton, wife of a former perough president of Brooklyn, was seriously injured to-day in a runaway s

borough president of Isrooklyn, was seriously injured to-day in a rhunaway accident while driving her favorite horse over the gelf course of the Garden City Club, where, with a friend, she was witnessing a match.

A caddy was beating a small tin parand her horse became frightened, and, taking the bit in his teeth, boited. The horse plunged down hill and the carriage was upset.

Mrs. Littleton was dragged under it a considerable distance before the horse plunged into a tree. This stunned him, and bystanders caught and held him. Mrs. Littleton was picked up half unconscious and taken to the Nassaur Hospital.

Dr. Louis N. Lanchart was several miles away and was called on the telephone. In his automobile he made a record-breaking trip to the hospital. He found that, besides suffering severely from shock and many contusions, Mrs. Littleton had broken two bones in her leg below the knee.

WILL RESUME WORK AT ANTHRACITE COLLERIES

AT ANTHRACITE COLLERIES

(By Associated Press.)

SORANTON, PA., May 13.—Work will be generally resumed to-morrow at practically all of the anthractic collieries, All of the imported men have been shipped away and almost all evidence of their occupancy of the collieries has been removed. None of the companies will post notices setting forth that the collieries will be operated under a continuation of the grard of the Anthracite Strike Commission. General Superintendent May, of the Eric Company, said this afternoon: "We shall post no more notices. There were notices posted before the suspension went into effect. These must suffice. I guess the men understand the terms under which they are coming back to work."

Argo Red Salmon

DEMONSTRATIONS this week as follows:

George B. Billey's, No. 1525 West Main Street, Monday to Wednesday, inclusive, M. I. Glascock, No. 318 West Main Street, Thursday and Friday,

G. B. Taylor, No. 826 West Cary Street, Saturday.

great and wonderful remedy is always

of women through the trying crisis without suffering.
Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Woman's

Nightmare

pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must

pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger,

that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror,

There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful

or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for

the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This

remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands